

As of August 2017:

out of 37 countries in the UNFPA Asia-Pacific region completed at least one violence against women (VAW) prevalence survey

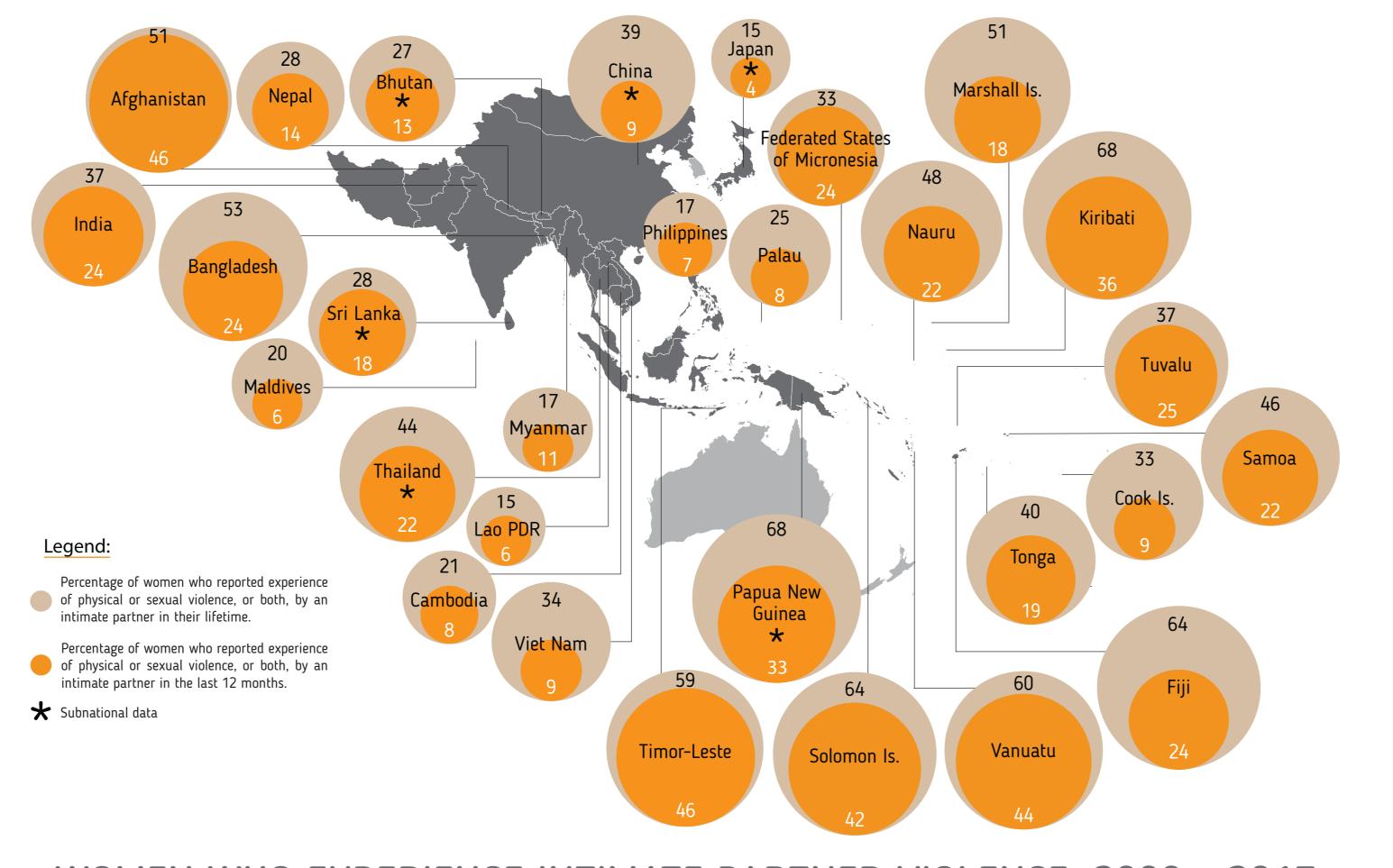
> countries have completed more than one national VAW prevalence survey with comparable methods

countries have national statistics on intimate partner violence

> of these have data on all three forms of violence in the last 12 months for SDG indicator 5.2.1

countries have national statistics on sexual violence by non-partners

> of these have data on sexual violence in the last 12 months for SDG indicator 5.2.2



WOMEN WHO EXPERIENCE INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE, 2000 - 2017 UNFPA Asia and the Pacific Region

2017 REGIONAL SNAPSHOT





Table 1. Violence Against Women (VAW) surveys conducted or underway in the UNFPA Asia-Pacific region, by August 2017

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Country	WHO multi-country study (WHO) or adaptation of WHO methodology (aWHO)	Demographic and Health Survey with Domestic Violence module (DHS) and/or other methodologies						
ASIA								
Afghanistan		2015 (DHS)						
Bangladesh	2001 (2 sites, WHO)	2007 (DHS), 2011 (UNECE), 2014 (UNECE)						
Bhutan	2012 (1 site, aWHO) , 2017 (aWHO)							
Cambodia	2015 (aWHO)	2000 (DHS), 2005 (DHS), 2014 (DHS)						
China	2012 (1 site, aWHO/P4P)							
India		2005 (DHS) , 2015 (DHS); 2014 (Masculinity, IPV & Son Preference)						
Indonesia	2016 (aWHO)							
Iran, Islamic Republic of								
Japan	2000 (1 site, WHO)							
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of								
Lao People's Democratic Republic	2014 (aWH0)							
Malaysia								
Maldives	2006 (WHO)							
Mongolia	2017 (aWHO)							
Myanmar		2015 (DHS)						
Nepal		2011 (DHS), 2016 (DHS)						
Pakistan	2014 (6 sites, aWHO)	2012 (DHS), 2017 (DHS)						
Philippines		2008 (DHS), 2013 (DHS)						
Sri Lanka	2012 (1 sites, aWHO/P4P)	2016 (DHS)						
Thailand	2000 (2 sites, WHO)							
Timor-Leste, Democratic Republic of	2015 (aWHO)	2010 (DHS), 2016 (DHS)						
Viet Nam	2010 (aWH0)							
PACIFIC								
Cook Islands	2012 (aWH0)							
Fiji	2010 (aWH0)							
Kiribati	2008 (aWHO)							
Marshall Islands, Republic of	2012 (aWHO)							
Micronesia, Federated States of	2014 (aWHO)							
Nauru	2013 (aWHO)							
Niue								
Palau	2013 (aWHO)							
Papua New Guinea	2012 (1 site, aWHO/P4P)	2016 (DHS)						
Samoa	2000 (WHO)							
Solomon Islands	2008 (aWH0)							
Tokelau								
Tonga	2009 (aWH0)							
Tuvalu		2007 (DHS)						
Vanuatu	2011 (aWH0)							
Studies indicated in bold provide data f	for the map and/or for table 2							

Studies indicated in **bold** provide data for the map and/or for table 2

Key findings for Asia-Pacific

By country, the proportion of women who have reported experience of physical or sexual violence by an intimate partner in their lifetime ranges from 15 percent in Japan and Lao PDR, to 68 percent in Kiribati and Papua New Guinea.

The proportion of women who have reported experience of physical or sexual violence by an intimate partner in the past 12 months ranges from 4 percent in Japan to 46 percent in Afghanistan and Timor-Leste.

In most countries of the region, women are much more likely to have experienced intimate partner violence than to have experienced physical or sexual violence by someone other than a partner.

Samoa and Tonga differ from other countries in that women are more likely to have experienced physical violence by perpetrators other than partners, such as by family members or teachers.

> The new development agenda calls on us to leave no one behind. Women are most vulnerable to violence behind the closed doors of their own homes. Women have the right to live a life without violence.



Goal 5: "Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls."

Target 5.2: "Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation"



Indicator 5.2.1: Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner, in the last 12 months, by form of violence and by age group.



Indicator 5.2.2: Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner, in the last 12 months, by age group and place of occurrence.

Table 2. Proportion of women reporting experience of partner and
non-partner violence in countries in the UNFPA Asia-Pacific regior
by August 2017

non-partner violence in countries in the UNFPA Asia-Pacific region,														among an women			
by August 2017					Psychological violence		Physical violence		Sexual violence		Physical and/or sexual violence		Physical violence by non-partner		Sexual violence by non-partner		
Country	Year of data collection	Survey methodology	Geographical Coverage	Sample size	Age group	Lifetime	Last 12 months	Lifetime	Last 12 months	Lifetime	Last 12 months	Lifetime	Last 12 months	Lifetime	Last 12 months	Lifetime	Last 12 months
ASIA																	
Afghanistan	2015	DHS	National	21,324	15-49	37.3	34.4	50.5	45.8	7.5	6.1	50.8	46.1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Bangladesh	2007	DHS	National	4,467	15-49	n.a.	n.a.	48.7	18.4	17.8	11.0	53.3	23.9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Bhutan	2012	aWH0	National	538	15-49	23.2	13.0	20.5	10.1	10.5	5.3	26.5	13.0	17.5	n.a.	12.5	n.a.
Cambodia	2015	aWH0	National	3,332	15-64	32.0	14.7	15.0	4.7	10.2	4.1	20.9	7.7	13.6	2.6	3.8	0.0
China	2012	aWHO/P4P	1 site	1,082	15-49	38.3	10.0	35.2	6.8	14.0	1.9	38.7	8.7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
India	2005	DHS	National	83,703	15-49	15.8	11.2	35.1	21.4	10.0	7.2	37.2	23.9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Indonesia																	
Iran, Islamic Republic of																	
Japan	2000	WHO	Urban site	1,371	18-49	34.7	15.4	12.9	3.1	6.2	1.3	15.4	3.8	4.7	n.a.	3.5	n.a.
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of																	
Lao People's Democratic Republic	2014	aWH0	National	2,997	15-64	26.2	10.5	11.6	4.0	7.2	3.1	15.3	6.0	5.1	0.9	5.3	0.0
Malaysia																	
Maldives	2006	WHO	National	1,900	15-49	29.2	12.3	17.9	5.7	6.7	2.0	19.5	6.4	8.6	n.a.	6.2	n.a.
Mongolia																	
Myanmar	2015	DHS	National	3,059	15-49	13.5	10.2	16.3	10.2	3.5	2.2	17.3	11.0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Nepal	2011	DHS	National	4,197	15-49	16.4	9.6	23.1	10.4	14.3	7.7	28.2	14.3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Pakistan	2012	DHS	National	3,687	15-49	32.2	28.3	26.8	18.0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Philippines	2013	DHS	National	10,963	15-49	21.5	13.4	12.7	5.3	5.3	3.2	16.9	7.1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Sri Lanka	2012	aWH0/P4P	National	559	15-49	30.0	9.6	20.8	5.1	17.9	15.0	27.8	18.4	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Thailand	2000	WH0	2 sites	2,818	15-49	38.0	20.0	28.4	10.7	29.4	16.4	44.0	22.0	8.6	n.a.	4.4	n.a.
Timor-Leste, Democratic Republic of	2015	aWH0	National	1,478	15-49	55.4	44.0	48.7	35.8	40.5	31.4	58.8	46.4	n.a.	n.a.	13.9	10.0
Viet Nam	2010	aWH0	National	4,838	18-60	53.6	25.4	31.5	6.4	9.9	4.2	34.4	9.0	9.9	n.a.	2.3	n.a.
PACIFIC TO THE PACIFI																	
Cook Islands	2012	aWH0	National	1,013	15-64	26.7	9.6	30.2	6.7	13.1	4.6	33.0	9.1	38.6	7.9	7.4	0.5
Fiji	2010	aWH0	National	3,193	15-64	58.3	28.8	61.1	19.4	33.9	14.2	64.1	23.7	26.9	n.a.	8.5	n.a.
Kiribati	2008	aWH0	National	1,527	15-49	47.1	30.1	60.0	32.4	64.4	33.7	67.6	36.1	11.0	n.a.	9.8	n.a.
Marshall Islands, Republic of	2012	aWH0	National	947	15-64	47.6	22.1	48.1	16.2	20.6	5.9	50.9	18.2	33.0	3.5	13.0	0.8
Micronesia, Federated States of	2014	aWH0	National	1,006	15-64	32.8	24.6	28.6	19.4	18.1	12.9	32.8	24.1	9.6	3.0	8.0	2.7
Nauru	2013	aWH0	National	148	15-64	n.a.	n.a.	46.6	20.6	20.6	9.9	48.1	22.1	n.a.	n.a.	47.3	12.2
Niue																	
Palau	2013	aWH0	National	931	15-64	23.0	9.1	23.0	6.5	10.3	3.5	25.2	8.4	13.9	2.5	15.1	3.4
Papua New Guinea	2012	aWHO/P4P	1 site	792	15-49	69.0	28.3	51.5	21.9	58.1	13.4	67.5	32.9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Samoa	2000	WH0	National	1,646	15-49	19.6	12.3	40.5	17.9	19.5	11.5	46.1	22.4	62.0	n.a.	10.6	n.a.
Solomon Islands	2008	aWH0	National	2,882	15-49	56.1	42.6	45.5	n.a.	54.7	n.a.	63.5	41.8	18.2	n.a.	18.0	n.a.
Tokelau																	
Tonga	2009	aWH0	National	634	15-49	24.0	13.0	33.4	12.5	16.5	11.0	39.6	18.9	67.8	n.a.	6.3	n.a.
Tuvalu	2007	DHS	National	851	15-49	28.1	23.1	33.3	23.8	10.0	5.1	36.8	25.0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Vanuatu	2011	aWH0	National	2,337	15-49	68.0	54.0	51.0	33.0	44.0	33.0	60.0	44.0	28.0	n.a.	33.0	n.a.

Intimate partner violence among ever-partnered women



Data in the blue columns contribute to monitoring SDG indicator 5.2.1

Data in these columns are reflected in the map Data in the yellow column contribute to monitoring SDG indicator 5.2.2

Non-partner violence since age 15

among all women

General notes on map and tables:

The countries listed in the tables are those in the Asia-Pacific Region where UNFPA is present/working.

The data in the map and table 2 reflect the most recent (if available national) data collected with either the WHO methodology or the DHS (DV module) from publicly available survey reports, updated in August 2017. The map and tables will be periodically updated and expanded to cover more countries, more studies and more types of violence. For the most recent data refer to the website below.

n.a.: data not collected or not available in source report

Three periods (...) indicate no known survey conducted or no results available yet

The data for 'psychological violence' in these tables reflect the findings for acts of emotional violence without including controlling behaviours

For Thailand, the prevalence rates are calculated as average for the two sites

Disclaimer: The designations employed and the presentation of material on the map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of UNFPA concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its former frontiers or boundaries. The dotted line represents approximately the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties.

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names and related data shown on the map and included in lists and tables in this publication are not warranted to be error free nor do they necessarily imply official endorsement or acceptance by the UNFPA.

Sources of data:

WHO: WHO multi-country study on women's health and domestic violence (2005)

aWHO: Country studies that have replicated or adapted the methodology of the WHO multi-country study on women's health and domestic violence, publicly available

aWHO/P4P: Adaptation of WHO methodology conducted in limited sites, as part of the Partners for Prevention Multi-Country Study on Men and Violence in Asia and the Pacific (2013)

DHS: Demographic and Health surveys (country reports that included a chapter on domestic violence)

UNECE: VAW surveys using (adaptation) of UNECE survey module (for UN statistical VAW indicators)

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